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## Flora indica, or, Descriptions of Indian plants /by the late William Roxburgh.

Serampore: Printed for W. Thacker, 1832.

http://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/bibliography/590

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very downy; about four inches long and one and a half broad. Petioles slightly channelled. Stipules small, lanceolate. Peduncles axillary, short headed, many-flowered. Bractes as in the other species. Flowers large, of a beautiful blue colour. Wings about half the length of the banner and keel, broad, irregularly angle-lobed, keeled on the under side, and on the upper and inner angle. Legumes pendulous, very hairy, from four to five inches long, as thick as a goose quill, straight, cylindric, intercepted between the seeds. Seeds from eight to twelve, remiform, shining black. Cattle eat the straw of this plant. as whether the total and the found of the former partition of the magn

## 16. D. biflorus. Willd. iii. 1051.

Annual. Stem erect; branches twining, hairy. Leastets oblong, pointed. Flowers axillary. Legumes scimitarshaped, reflexed, hairy, from five to six-seeded.

Sans. Kooluttha.

Beng. Koolthee.

Teling. Woolawa the name of the plant, and woolawaloo the grain. Horse-grain plant on the Coromandel coast.

This species I have never found but in a cultivated state. It is annual.

Stem very short, erect; branches twining; tender parts hairy, the whole plant is from two to three feet high. Leaves ternate. Leastets broad-lanceolate, or oblong, equal, entire, downy, about an inch long, and half an inch broad. Stipules of the petioles oblong; of the leastets subulate. Flowers axillary, small, sulphur coloured, generally each has its proper peduncle, though sometimes it is common to more flowers than one. Bractes lanceolate, one at the origin of each peduncle or pedicel, and two pressing the calyx laterally. Calyx, the upper lip slightly emarginate. Banner obcordate, emarginate. Wants the callous bodies. Wings linear. Legumes, direction various, scimitar-formed, compressed, about two inches long, and a quarter of an inch broad, hairy, with

the point subulate, recurved. Seeds about six, compressed, kidney-formed, gray.

This species is much cultivated all over the coast. It requires a dry, light, rich soil. In October and November, it is sown, either by itself, or mixed with Holcus saccharatus. The general harvest time is in February. The produce about sixty-fold in a good soil, and favourable season.

Nella Woolawooloo is a most distinct variety of the above with jet black seeds. It is also cultivated.

The grain of both varieties is employed indifferently to feed cattle; however in times of scarcity the poor are glad to live upon it. In these parts it is the lowest priced of all the leguminæ, which enables them to procure it, when they cannot well procure any thing else. Cattle are fond of the straw of both sorts.

## 17. D. Soja. Willd. iii. 1051.

Annual, erect, flexuous, every part hairy. Flowers axillary, sub-racemous. Corol scarcely longer than the calyx. Legume reflexed, scimitar-shaped, from two to three-seeded.

Deliver in a surface of the first training and the second of the second

Daidsee. Kampf. aman. p. 837. f. 838. good.

Reared in the Honourable Company's Botanic garden, from seeds received from the Moluccas in 1798. It may be cultivated at all times of the year, consequently flowers at all times; but, like all the other leguminous tribe, succeeds best during the cold season.

Root ramous, annual. Stem erect, flexuous, very ramous near the base, hairy in every part; from one to four feet in height, but when high it requires support. Leaves long-petioled, ternate, hairy. Leaflets entire, ovate, the lateral ones broadest, and considerably oblique, the inferior side being much broader than the superior. Flowers axillary, sometimes on a common short peduncle, sometimes without it, and smaller than in any other species of Dolichos I have yet met with; colour a reddish purple. Bractes small, hairy. Corol scarcely longer than the segments of the calyx. Banner